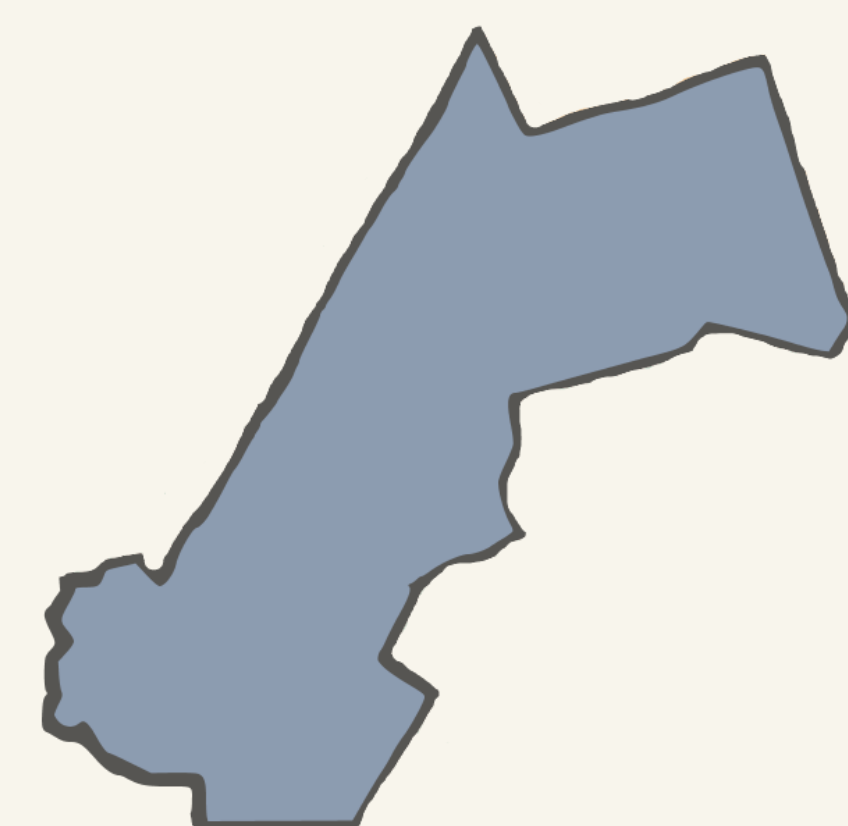


COMMUNITY INCLUSION NETWORK 9

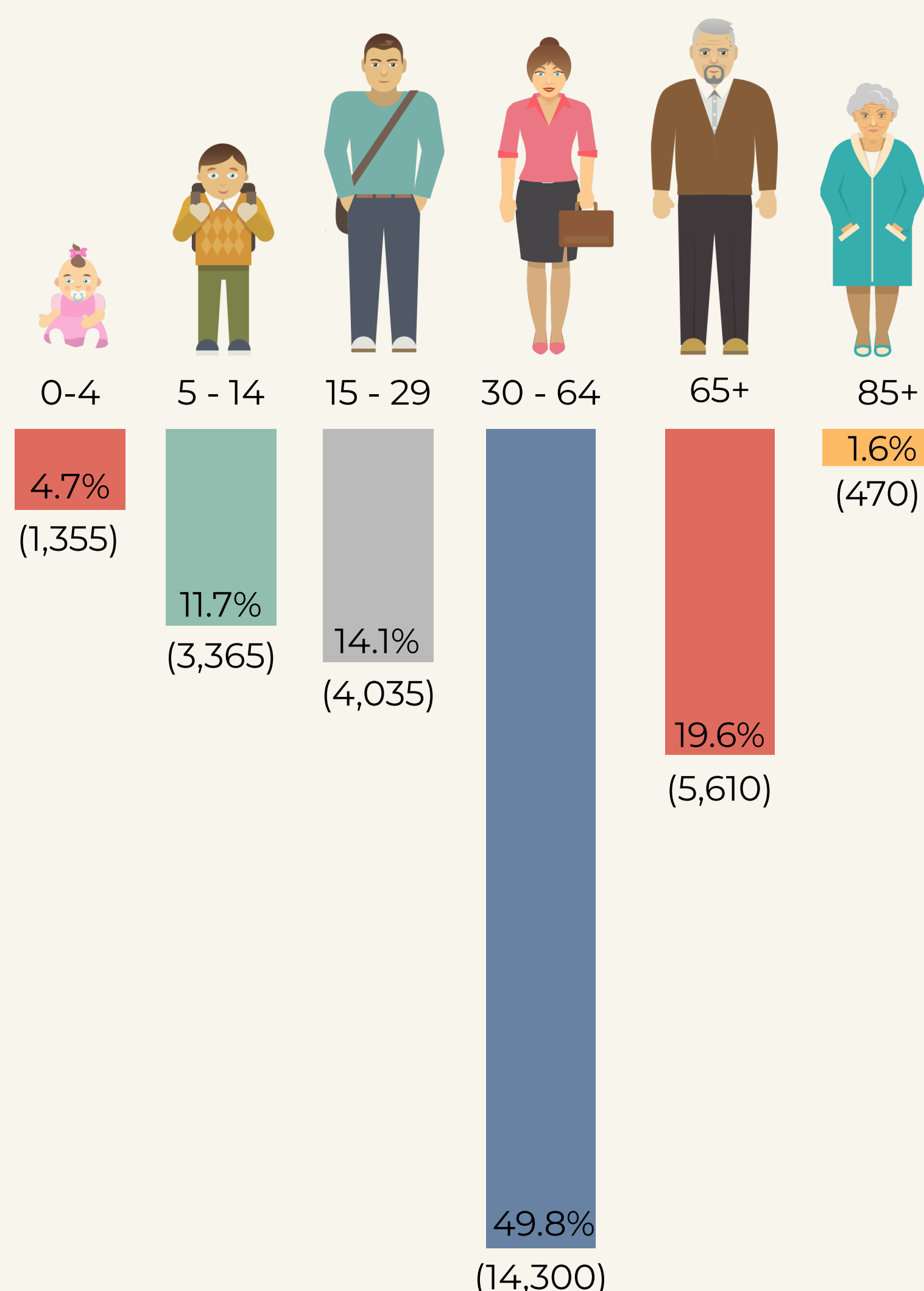
POPULATION DENSITY
2.93 PEOPLE PER KM²

LAND AREA
9796.17 KM²



POPULATION
28,682

POPULATION BY AGE



HOUSING



- 90.2% Homeowner Households
- 9.7% Renter Households
- 0.0% Households Living in Band Housing
- 23.8% Dwellings Built before 1960
- 9.9% Dwellings Built in Last 10 Years (2006-2016)
- 10.3% Dwellings in Need of Major Repairs

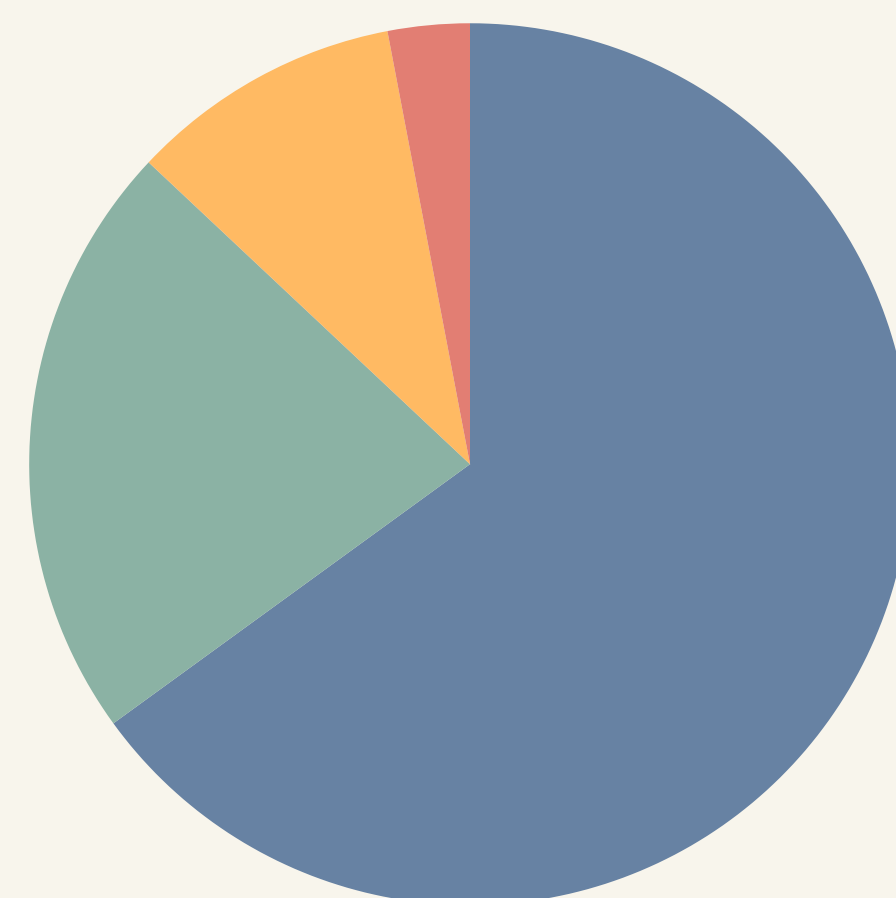


1.3% VISIBLE MINORITY



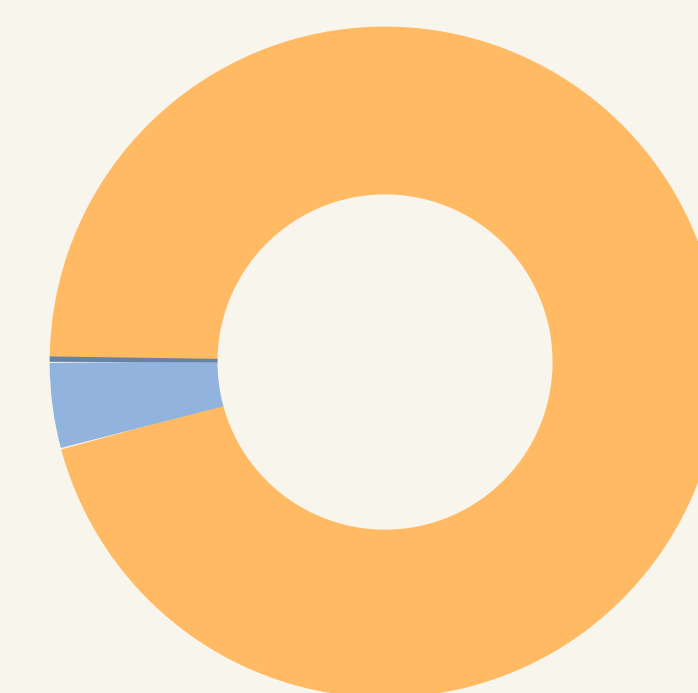
2.3% INDIGENOUS

FAMILY COMPOSITION



- 65.0% Married Couple Families
- 22.0% Common-Law Couple Families
- 10.0% Female-Led Lone Parent Families
- 3.0% Male-Led Lone Parent Families

IMMIGRATION

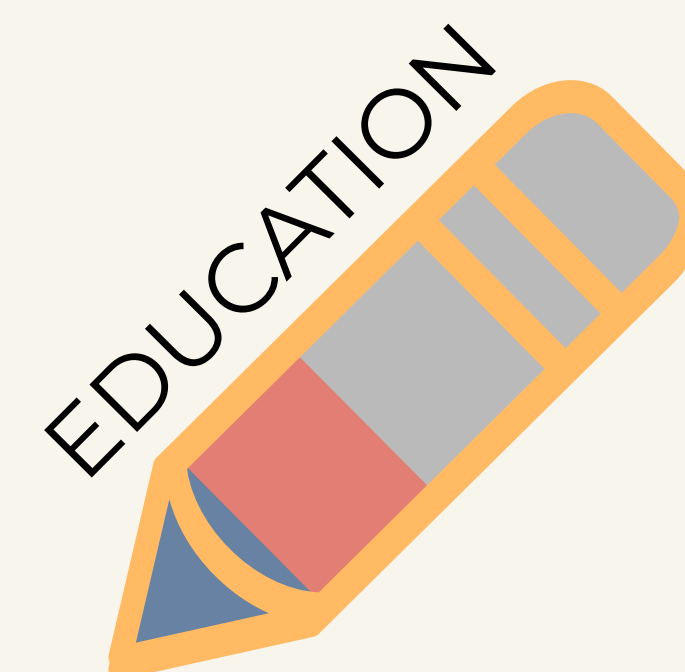


- 97.7% Non-Immigrants
- 2.2% Immigrants
- 0.1% Non-Permanent Residents

FIRST OFFICIAL LANGUAGE SPOKEN



- 95.1% English
- 4.7% French
- 0.1% English and French
- 0.1% N/A



- 20.9% Less than High School
- 29.4% High School Diploma or Equivalency
- 50.5% Post Secondary Certificate, Diploma or Degree



SUPPORTED BY / APPUYÉ PAR

Ensemble pour vaincre la pauvreté
Overcoming Poverty Together

Statistics Canada, 2016 Census of Population

WHAT IS POVERTY AND DEEP POVERTY?

The most commonly used poverty measure in Canada is the Low Income Measure After Tax (LIM-AT) which accounts for income taxes paid and family size and allows for international comparisons. The LIM is one half of the median income. Persons living in deep poverty represent some of the most vulnerable in society. Deep poverty reflects those whose income is less than 50% of the LIM.



POVERTY RATE

13.3%

DEEP POVERTY RATE

3.7%

NEW BRUNSWICK

POVERTY RATE

14.1%

DEEP POVERTY RATE

4.4%



Human Development Council